

Instructions

- Use a ball-point pen (blue or black ink) to write your answers.
- You have 2 hours to complete the test. When applicable, people with special facilities have 2h20 minutes in total.
- The exam is “closed book”, meaning that you can only make use of the material given to you.
- A simple calculator is allowed.
- The grade will be computed as the number of obtained points, plus 1.
- Not complying with the aforementioned rules will lead to zero points.

Exercises

Consider the system of ODEs for the functions $d(t), v(t)$:

$$\begin{cases} mv' = -k \exp(d)d - cv & v(0) = v_0 \\ d' = v - \gamma d, & d(0) = d_0 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

with $m, k, c, \gamma > 0$.

- (a) 2 Show that there exists some function $g(d) > 0$ such that:

$$(v^2)' + g(d)(d^2)' \leq 0$$

- (b) 1 Discretize the system of equations (1) in time using the β -method, and denote the discrete solutions by $d_n \approx d(t_n), v_n \approx v(t_n)$. Formulate the system of (possibly non-linear) equations for (d_{n+1}, v_{n+1}) as a vector root finding problem $T(d_{n+1}, v_{n+1}) = 0$, and give the specific form for T . Assume $t_{n+1} = t_n + h, h > 0$.
- (c) 3 Write down the Newton iteration for computing the $(k + 1)$ -st iterand $d_{n+1}^{k+1}, v_{n+1}^{k+1}$ from the k -th iterand d_{n+1}^k, v_{n+1}^k . Give specific expressions for the vectors and matrix involved, but you do not need to explicitly invert any matrix.
- (d) 3 Consider now the system of ODEs:

$$X'(t) = AX(t), \quad X(0) = X_0 \neq 0, \quad (2)$$

with

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1/2 \\ 1/2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Discretize the ODE (2) using the β -method for $\beta = 0$. Then, determine h_{crit} such that $X_n \rightarrow 0$ (for any X_0) when $n \rightarrow \infty$ for $h < h_{crit}$.